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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/594,273	07/24/2007	Tetsuzo Miki	296975US0X PCT	3412
	7590 03/16/201 AK, MCCLELLAND I	EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE STREET			CROUSE, BRETT ALAN	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1786		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/16/2011	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/594,273	MIKI ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
BRETT A. CROUSE	1786		

	BRETT A. CROUSE	1786	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 24 February 2011 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appelor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Coperiods:	the same day as filing a Notice of replies: (1) an amendment, affidav ral (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar it, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) \square The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Arno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailin b), ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THI).	g date of the final rejectio E FIRST REPLY WAS FIL	on. LED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the s set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply orig	of the fee. The appropriationally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complifiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the Notice of Appeal has been filed. 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better the content of t	sideration and/or search (see NO v);	TE below);	
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	M. Oaran Hardand Nation of New Or		DTOL 004)
 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 		impliant Amendment (i	FIOL-324).
 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		timely filed amendmer	it canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-27.		II be entered and an ex	planation of
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appe and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attache	∍d.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.		n condition for allowand	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/D. Lawrence Tarazano/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1786	/B. A. C./ Examiner, Art Unit 1786	3	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant argues with respect to the rejection over Qiu and the rejection over Sato that the references do not provide a prima facie case of obviousness because the references do not provide an exemplified example compound with the instant claims. Applicant additionally argues that the subgenus claimed in the instant invention should not be rejected solely by the generic disclosure of the applied references which encompasses the compounds of the instant claims.

With regard to Qiu opposite the instant claims. The scope of the instant claims requires the substituent to Ar to be selected from fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro, alkyl, alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, phenyl, tolyl, naphthyl and aralkyl. Qiu teaches for the substituents in column 6, lines 3-5, hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, aromatic, fluoroalkyl, halogen and cyanic groups. The degree of overlap between the substituent groups of Qiu and the groups of the instant claims is nearly identical. This is not a case of a genus rejecting a species as argued by applicant. This is a case in which while Qiu does not exemplify compounds, Qiu clearly teaches a high degree of overlap of groups and uses the compounds in the manner as contemplated by applicant. It is applicant that provides functional groups beyond the exemplified groups of Qiu. Applicant claims aralkyl groups and nitro groups which are not recited by Qiu. Thus, in contrast to applicant's argument the scope of Qiu is not significantly broader than the instant claims resulting in a need to pick and choose.

It is further noted that applicant only presents one compound, compound (3) of page 9 of the instant specification and current instant claims 16 and 27 within the scope of the instant claims. Applicant relies on the same level of generic disclosure having closely matching scope to that of the prior art.

Similarly, Sato recites a list of substituents having a high degree of overlap with the recited groups of the instant claims and uses the resulting compounds in the manner as contemplated by applicant.

Applicant argues with respect to the rejection over Lee that the reference does not provide a prima facie case of obviousness because the reference does not provide an exemplified example compound with the instant claims. Applicant additionally argues that the subgenus claimed in the instant invention should not be rejected solely by the generic disclosure of the applied reference which encompasses the compounds of the instant claims. Applicant points to paragraph [0033] and formula (7) of Lee as teaching away from the claimed invention of the instant application.

The description of paragraph [0033] is a preferred embodiment of Lee in which R11 and R12 combine to form further fused rings. The teachings of Lee encompass a broader scope of compounds than that which is recited in paragraph [0033]. Attention is directed to paragraph [0011] which teaches each of R11 and R12 can be groups including alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, cyano, nitro and halogen. Paragraph [0011] teaches that R11 and R12 can optionally combine to form further substituted or unsubstituted rings. Attention is also directed to paragraph [0026] which teaches the substitutents to the further rings formed by the combination of R11 and R12. The substitutents to rings include various aryl and heteroaryl groups. Phenyl and naphthyl groups are exemplified as substituents.

Applicant additionally argues unexpected results opposite the properties of instant compounds (2) and (3) as recited in the instant specification. Instant compound (2) is also an exemplified compound of Qiu and Sato.

Compound (2) and (3) CDPF and CDMPF possess similar properties. The ionization potential differs between the compounds by 0.04 eV and accounting for the band gap the electron affinity differs by only 0.01 eV. The prior art teaches CDPF explicitly and suggests alkyl substituents to the compound skeleton. Sato in paragraph [0048] and Qiu in the exemplified compounds beginning in column 6 provide methyl substituents to the phenyl linking groups of the carbazole derivatives. Both the exemplified CDPF compound of the prior art and CDMPF compound of the instant specification have been shown to be suitable for use in the electroluminescent arts. The properties of the materials as they relate to device performance are related to the environment in which they are used in conjuction with the other materials of an electroluminescent device. As such there is no showing as to the combination of materials used in conjuction with CDMPF that would provide unexpected device performance.